

Regression Analysis Exercises:

1. Do exercises 5, 8, 12 from Chapter 5 in Mansfield et al

2. Consider this output from the Microfit Package

Consumption Function

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Ordinary Least Squares Estimation
*****
Dependent variable is GC
31 observations used for estimation from 50 to 80
*****
Regressor          Coefficient      Standard Error      T-Ratio[Prob]
C                  .17962         .30856           .58211[.566]
GY                 .49352         .063938          7.7187[.000]
GP                 -.15915        .045708          -3.4818[.002]
LC(-1)             -.13116        .13460            -.97438[.339]
LY(-1)             .11688         .10961            1.0663[.296]
LP(-1)             .0055090       .0062041          .88796[.383]
*****
R-Squared          .88724         F-statistic F( 5, 25)   39.3436[.000]
R-Bar-Squared      .86469         S.E. of Regression    .0061285
Residual Sum of Squares .9390E-3     Mean of Dependent Variable   .021620
S.D. of Dependent Variable .016661    Maximum of Log-likelihood   117.2858
DW-statistic       1.7875
*****
Diagnostic Tests
*****
* Test Statistics * LM Version * F Version *
*****
*               *               *
* A:Serial Correlation*CHI-SQ( 1)= .13917[.709]*F( 1, 24)= .10823[.745]*
*               *               *
* B:Functional Form  *CHI-SQ( 1)= .033271[.855]*F( 1, 24)= .025786[.874]*
*               *               *
* C:Normality       *CHI-SQ( 2)= 1.1822[.554]*      Not applicable *
*               *               *
* D:Heteroscedasticity*CHI-SQ( 1)= .32602[.568]*F( 1, 29)= .30823[.583]*
*               *               *
* E:Predictive Failure*CHI-SQ( 9)= 34.8489[.000]*F( 9, 25)= 3.8721[.003]*
*               *               *
* F:Chow Test        *CHI-SQ( 6)= 24.2887[.000]*F( 6, 28)= 4.0481[.005]*
*****
A:Lagrange multiplier test of residual serial correlation
B:Ramsey's RESET test using the square of the fitted values
C:Based on a test of skewness and kurtosis of residuals
D:Based on the regression of squared residuals on squared fitted values
E:A test of adequacy of predictions (Chow's second test)
F:Test of stability of the regression coefficients

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List of Variables and their Descriptions

C	: Intercept term
CE	: Cons Exp Current Prices
GC	: lc-lc(-1)
GP	: lp-lp(-1)
GY	: ly-ly(-1)
LC	: log(rce-rde)
LP	: log(ce/rce)
LY	: log(rpdi)

- (a) Briefly discuss the model and what these results tell us about the determination of consumption.
- (b) Briefly explain what the R -Squared, the DW-statistic, the Maximum of Log-

likelihood and S.E. of the regression are and what they tell us about the regression results.

(c) Briefly explain the diagnostic tests A, B, C and D and what they tell us about the model.

(d) Given the following results:

Ordinary Least Squares Estimation			
Regressor	Coefficient	Standard Error	T-Ratio[Prob]
C	.011474	.0030629	3.7461[.001]
GY	.53933	.056606	9.5278[.000]
GP	-.073380	.027197	-2.6981[.012]
R-Squared	.83703	F-statistic F(2, 28)	71.9062[.000]
R-Bar-Squared	.82539	S.E. of Regression	.0069620
Residual Sum of Squares	.0013571	Mean of Dependent Variable	.021620
S.D. of Dependent Variable	.016661	Maximum of Log-likelihood	111.5767
DW-statistic	1.6741		

Test the restriction that all of the lagged levels variables are jointly zero using the F-test or the likelihood ratio test.